

Gas Sensor for VOC Gas

(Model: MQ138)

Manual

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Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

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MQ138 VOC Gas Sensor

Profile

Sensitive material of MQ138 gas sensor is SnO2, which with lower conductivity in clean air. When VOC gas exists, the sensor's conductivity gets higher along with the gas concentration rising. Users can convert the change of conductivity to correspond output signal of gas concentration through a simple circuit.

MQ138 gas sensor has high sensitivity to toluene, acetone, alcohol, methanol, also can monitor hydrogen and other organic vapour well. It can detect kinds of organic gases and is a kind of low-cost sensor for kinds of applications.



Features

It has good sensitivity to organic vapour gas in wide range, and has advantages such as long lifespan, low cost and simple drive circuit &etc.

Main Applications

It is widely used in domestic VOC gas alarm, industrial VOC gas leakage alarm and portable VOC gas detector.

Technical Parameters

Table 1

Model			MQ138
Sensor Type			Semiconductor
Standard Encapsulation			Bakelite, Metal cap
Target Gas			toluene, acetone,
			alcohol, hydrogen
Detection range			5∼500ppm
Standard Circuit	Loop Voltage	Vc	5.0V±0.1V DC
Conditions	Heater Voltage	V _H	5.0V±0.1V AC or DC
	Load Resistance	RL	Adjustable
	Heater Resistance	R _H	30Ω±3Ω (room temp.)
Sensor character	Heater consumption	P _H	≤950mW
under standard	Sensitivity	S	Rs(in air)/Rs(in 50ppm toluene)≥2
test conditions	Output Voltage	∆Vs	0.5V (in 50ppm toluene)
	Concentration Slope	α	≤0.6(R _{200ppm} /R _{50ppm} toluene)
Standard test	Tem. Humidity		20℃±2℃; 55%±5%RH
conditions	Standard test circuit		Vc:5.0V±0.1V;
	Standard test circu	IL	V _H :5.0V±0.1V
	Preheat time		Over 48 hours

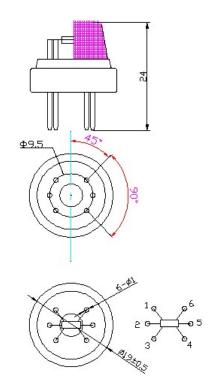


Fig1.Sensor Structure
Unit: mm

NOTE: Vs means the voltage output in target gas

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Basic Circuit

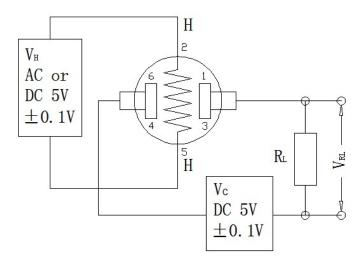
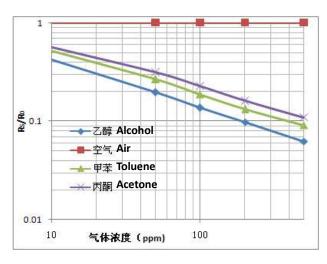


Fig2. MQ138 Test Circuit

Instructions: The above fig is the basic test circuit of MQ138. The sensor requires two voltage inputs: heater voltage (V_H) and circuit voltage(V_C). V_H is used to supply standard working temperature to the sensor and it can adopt DC or AC power, while V_{RL} is the voltage of load resistance R_L which is in series with sensor. Vc supplies the detect voltage to load resistance R_L and it should adopt DC power.



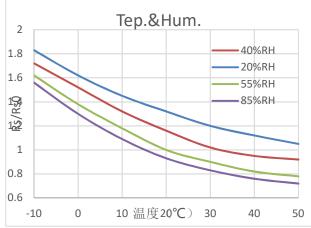


Fig3.Typical Sensitivity Curve

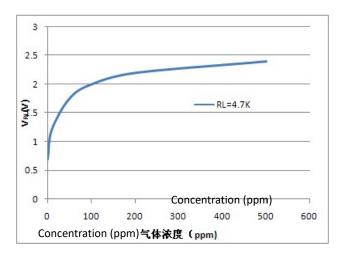
The ordinate is resistance ratio of the sensor (Rs/R₀), the abscissa is concentration of gases. Rs means resistance in target gas with different concentration, R₀ means resistance of sensor in clean air. All tests are finished under standard test conditions.

Fig4.Typical temperature/humidity characteristics

The ordinate is resistance ratio of the sensor (Rs/Rso).Rs means resistance of sensor in 50ppm toluene under different tem. and humidity. Rso means resistance of the sensor in 50ppm toluene under $20^{\circ}\text{C}/55\%\text{RH}$.

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Description of Sensor Characters



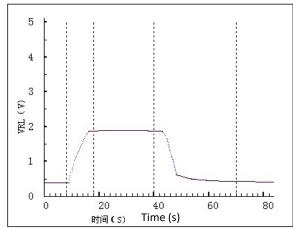


Fig5.Sensitivity Curve

Fig5 shows the V_{RL} in toluene with different concentration. The resistance load R_L is 4.7 K Ω and the test is finished in standard test conditions.

Fig6.Response and Resume

Fig6 shows the changing of V_{RL} in the process of putting the sensor into target gas and removing it out.

Cautions

1 .Following conditions must be prohibited

1.1 Exposed to organic silicon steam

Sensing material will lose sensitivity and never recover if the sensor absorbs organic silicon steam. Sensors must avoid exposing to silicon bond, fixature, silicon latex, putty or plastic contain silicon environment.

1.2 High Corrosive gas

If the sensors are exposed to high concentration corrosive gas (such as H_2S , SO_X , Cl_2 , HCl etc.), it will not only result in corrosion of sensors structure, also it cause sincere sensitivity attenuation.

1.3 Alkali, Alkali metals salt, halogen pollution

The sensors performance will be changed badly if sensors be sprayed polluted by alkali metals salt especially brine, or be exposed to halogen such as fluorine.

1.4 Touch water

Sensitivity of the sensors will be reduced when spattered or dipped in water.

1.5 Freezing

Do avoid icing on sensor's surface, otherwise sensing material will be broken and lost sensitivity.

1.6 Applied higher voltage

Applied voltage on sensor should not be higher than stipulated value, even if the sensor is not physically damaged or broken, it causes down-line or heater damaged, and bring on sensors' sensitivity characteristic changed badly.

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1.7 Voltage on wrong pins

For 6 pins sensor, Pin 2&5 is heating electrodes, Pin (1,3)/(4,6) are testing electrodes (Pin 1 connects with Pin 3, while Pin 4 connects with Pin 6). If apply voltage on Pin 1&3 or 4&6, it will make lead broken; and no signal putout if apply on pins 2&4.

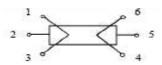


Fig7. Lead sketch

2 .Following conditions must be avoided

2.1 Water Condensation

Indoor conditions, slight water condensation will influence sensors' performance lightly. However, if water condensation on sensors surface and keep a certain period, sensors' sensitive will be decreased.

2.2 Used in high gas concentration

No matter the sensor is electrified or not, if it is placed in high gas concentration for long time, sensors characteristic will be affected. If lighter gas sprays the sensor, it will cause extremely damage.

2.3 Long time storage

The sensors resistance will drift reversibly if it's stored for long time without electrify, this drift is related with storage conditions. Sensors should be stored in airproof bag without volatile silicon compound. For the sensors with long time storage but no electrify, they need long galvanical aging time for stability before using. The suggested aging time as follow:

Table 2.

Storage Time	Suggested aging time
Less than one month	No less than 48 hours
1 ~ 6 months	No less than 72 hours
More than six months	No less than 168 hours

2.4 Long time exposed to adverse environment

No matter the sensors electrified or not, if exposed to adverse environment for long time, such as high humidity, high temperature, or high pollution etc., it will influence the sensors' performance badly.

2.5 Vibration

Continual vibration will result in sensors down-lead response then break. In transportation or assembling line, pneumatic screwdriver/ultrasonic welding machine can lead this vibration.

2.6 Concussion

If sensors meet strong concussion, it may lead its lead wire disconnected.

2.7 Usage Conditions

2.7.1For sensor, handmade welding is optimal way. The welding conditions as follow:

Soldering flux: Rosin soldering flux contains least chlorine

homothermal soldering iron

● Temperature: ≤350°C

• Time: less than 3 seconds

If disobey the above using terms, sensors sensitivity will reduce.

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