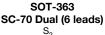


Vishay Siliconix

N-and P-Channel 30 V (D-S) 175 °C MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY				
	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL		
V _{DS} (V)	30	-30		
$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$ at $V_{GS} = \pm 10 \text{ V}$	0.280	0.940		
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) at V_{GS} = ± 4.5 V	0.380	1.800		
I _D (A)	0.85	-0.85		
Configuration	N & F	P Pair		
Package	SC	-70		



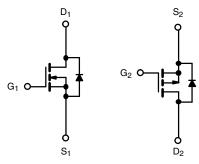


FEATURES

- TrenchFET[®] power MOSFET
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- 100 % $R_{\rm q}$ and UIS tested
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <u>www.vishav.com/doc?99912</u>



COMPLIANT HALOGEN



N-Channel MOSFET

P-Channel MOSFET

Marking Code: 9R

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_C = 25 \degree C$, unless otherwise noted)					
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage		V _{DS}	30	-30	v
Gate-Source Voltage		V _{GS}	±	20	v
Continuous Drain Current ^c	T _C = 25 °C	1	0.85	-0.85	
Continuous Drain Current	T _C = 125 °C	ID	0.85	-0.56	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)		I _S	0.85	-0.85	А
Pulsed Drain Current ^a		I _{DM}	3.3	-3.3	
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I _{AS}	3.5	-1.9	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	L = 0.1 MH	E _{AS}	0.6	0.2	mJ
Maximum Dawar Dissinction a	T _C = 25 °C	P	1.5	1.5	w
Maximum Power Dissipation ^a	T _C = 125 °C	P _D	0.5	0.5	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	1	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 tc	+175	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL	UNIT
Junction-to-Ambient	PCB Mount ^b	R _{thJA}	220	220	°C/W
Junction-to-Foot (Drain)		R _{thJF}	100	100	C/W

Notes

a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 µs, duty cycle \leq 2 %.

b. When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR4 material).

c. Package limited.

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2 For technical questions, contact: automostechsupport@vishay.com

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 V_{DD} = -15 V, R_L = 20 Ω

 $I_D\cong$ -0.5 Å, V_{GEN} = -4.5 V, R_g = 1 Ω

P-Ch

-

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SQ1539EH

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SPECIFICATIONS ($T_c = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)								
PARAMETER	SYMBOL		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static		•				•		
Drain Source Preakdown Voltage	V	V _{GS} =	= 0 V, I _D = 250 μA	N-Ch	30	-	-	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{DS}	V _{GS} =	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = -250 \mu A$		-30	-	-	v
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	Maann	V _{DS} =	V _{GS} , I _D = 250 μA	N-Ch	1	1.8	2.6	v
Gale-Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} =	V _{GS} , I _D = -250 μΑ	P-Ch	-1	-1.8	-2.6	
Cata Source Laskage			$0 \times 1 = -20 \times 10^{-1}$	N-Ch	-	-	± 100	nA
Gate-Source Leakage	I _{GSS}	v _{DS} =	0 V, $V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$	P-Ch	-	-	± 100	ПА
		$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = 30 V	N-Ch	-	-	1	
		$V_{GS} = 0 V$	$V_{DS} = -30 V$	P-Ch	-	-	-1	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Inno	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{J} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	N-Ch	-	-	50	μA
Zero Gale Voltage Drain Gurrent	I _{DSS}	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V_{DS} = -30 V, T _J = 125 °C	P-Ch	-	-	-50	μΑ
		$V_{GS} = 0 V$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{J} = 175 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	N-Ch	-	-	150	
		$V_{GS} = 0 V$	$V_{DS} = -30 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{J} = 175 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	P-Ch	-	-	-150	
On State Drain Current a		V _{GS} = 10 V	$V_{DS} = 5 V$	N-Ch	2	-	-	^
On-State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	V _{GS} = -10 V	V _{DS} = -5 V	P-Ch	-0.5	-	-	A
		V _{GS} = 10 V	I _D = 1 A	N-Ch	-	0.210	0.280	
Drain Course On State Desistance a	P	V _{GS} = -10 V	I _D = -0.5 A	P-Ch	-	0.788	0.940	0
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	$V_{GS} = 4.5 V$	I _D = 0.1 A	N-Ch	-	0.290	0.380	Ω
		V _{GS} = -4.5 V	I _D = -0.1 A	P-Ch	-	1.400	1.800	
Ferry and Transport duration of b	_	V _{DS} =	= 15 V, I _D = 0.7 A	N-Ch	-	1.2	-	0
Forward Transconductance ^b	9 _{fs}	V _{DS} =	-15 V, I _D = -0.5 A	P-Ch	-	0.6	-	S
Dynamic ^b					•	•	•	•
Input Canacitanaa	0	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = 15 V, f = 1 MHz	N-Ch	-	38	48	
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = -15 V, f = 1 MHz	P-Ch	-	40	50	
Output Canacitanaa	0	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = 15 V, f = 1 MHz	N-Ch	-	14	21	~ [
Output Capacitance	Coss	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = -15 V, f = 1 MHz	P-Ch	-	14	21	pF
Poverse Transfer Canasitanas	C	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = 15 V, f = 1 MHz	N-Ch	-	6	10	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	V _{DS} = -15 V, f = 1 MHz	P-Ch	-	5	9	
Total Gate Charge	0	$V_{GS} = 4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 0.7 \text{ A}$	N-Ch	-	1	1.4	
Total Gate Charge	Qg	$V_{GS} = -4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -0.5 \text{ A}$	P-Ch	-	1.2	1.6	
Gate-Source Charge	0	$V_{GS} = 4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 0.7 \text{ A}$	N-Ch	-	0.2	-	nC
Gale-Source Charge	Q_gs	$V_{GS} = -4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -0.5 \text{ A}$	P-Ch	-	0.3	-	
Gate-Drain Charge ^c	0	$V_{GS} = 4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 0.7 \text{ A}$	N-Ch	-	0.4	-	
Gale-Drain Gharge	Q _{gd}	$V_{GS} = -4.5 V$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -0.5 \text{ A}$	P-Ch	-	0.6	-	
Gate Resistance	R _g		f = 1 MHz	N-Ch	5.8	-	17.3	Ω
Gale nesistance	ng			P-Ch	3.7	-	11.1	52
Turn-On Delay Time	t	$I_D \cong 0.7 \overline{A}, T$	= 15 V, R _L = 20 Ω V _{GEN} = 4.5 V, R _g = 1 Ω	N-Ch	-	3	6	
rum on beidy nine	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = I _D ≅ -0.5 A,	$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{DD}} = \text{-15 V, } R_{\text{L}} = 20 \ \Omega \\ I_{\text{D}} \cong \text{-0.5 A, } V_{\text{GEN}} = \text{-4.5 V, } R_{\text{g}} = 1 \ \Omega \end{array}$		-	4	8	
		$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 20 \Omega$ $\text{I}_{D} \cong 0.7 \text{ A}, \text{ V}_{\text{GEN}} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{\text{g}} = 1 \Omega$		N-Ch	-	18	28	
Rise Time	t _r	$V_{DD} = -15 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{\text{L}} = 20 \Omega$ $\text{I}_{\text{D}} \cong -0.5 \text{ A}, \text{ V}_{\text{GEN}} = -4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{\text{g}} = 1 \Omega$		P-Ch	-	39	50	P C
	+	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 20 \Omega$ $I_{D} \cong 0.7 \text{ A}, \text{ V}_{\text{GEN}} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{\text{g}} = 1 \Omega$		N-Ch	-	8	14	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}		-15 V, R _L = 20 Ω V _{GEN} = -4.5 V, R _g = 1 Ω	P-Ch	-	10	16	
Fall Time	+.	$V_{DD} = I_D \cong 0.7 \text{ A}, T$	= 15 V, R _L = 20 Ω V _{GEN} = 4.5 V, R _g = 1 Ω	N-Ch	-	32	46	
	t _f	V	-15 V B = 20 0		I	1		1



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SPECIFICATIONS ($T_C = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics ^b							
Pulsed Current ^a	I _{SM}	I_{SM} $T_C = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ -	N-Ch	-	-	3.3	А
			P-Ch	-	-	-3.3	~
Forward Voltage	V	I _S = 0.5 A	N-Ch	-	0.8	1.2	V
	V _{SD}	I _S = -0.4 A	P-Ch	-	-0.8	-1.2	v

Notes

a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 µs, duty cycle \leq 2 %.

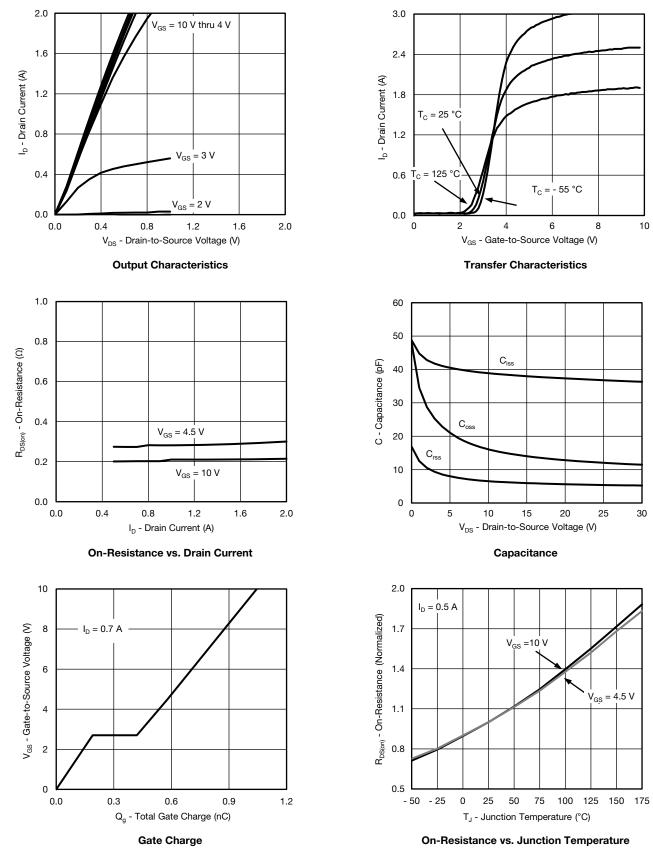
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

c. Independent of operating temperature.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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N-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)



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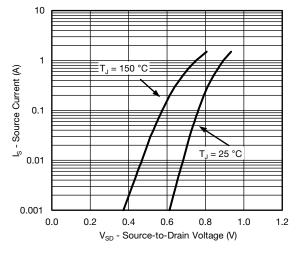
4

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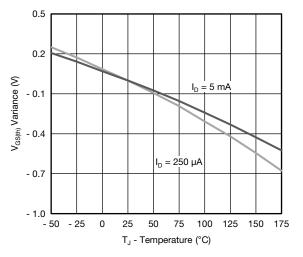


Vishay Siliconix

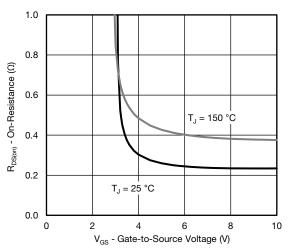
N-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)



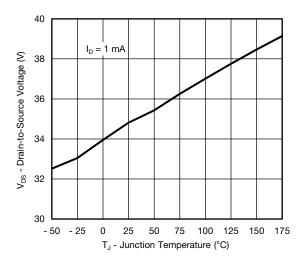
Source Drain Diode Forward Voltage



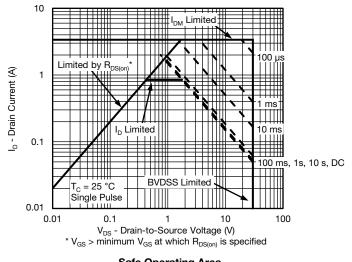




On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



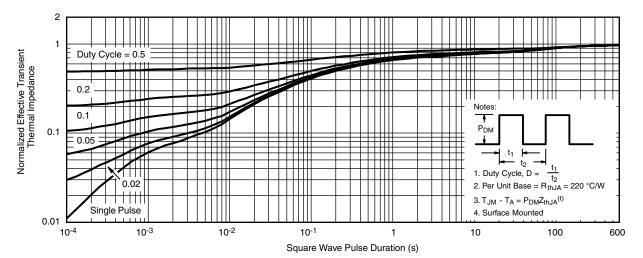
Drain Source Breakdown vs. Junction Temperature



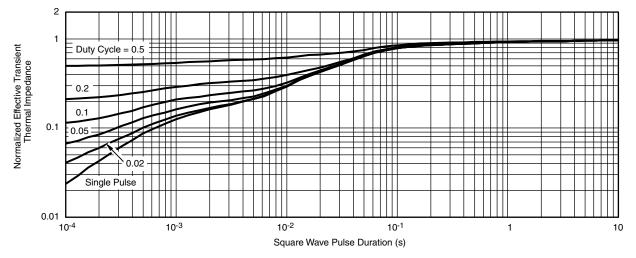
Safe Operating Area 5

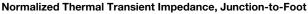


N-CHANNEL THERMAL RATINGS ($T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient





Note

• The characteristics shown in the two graphs

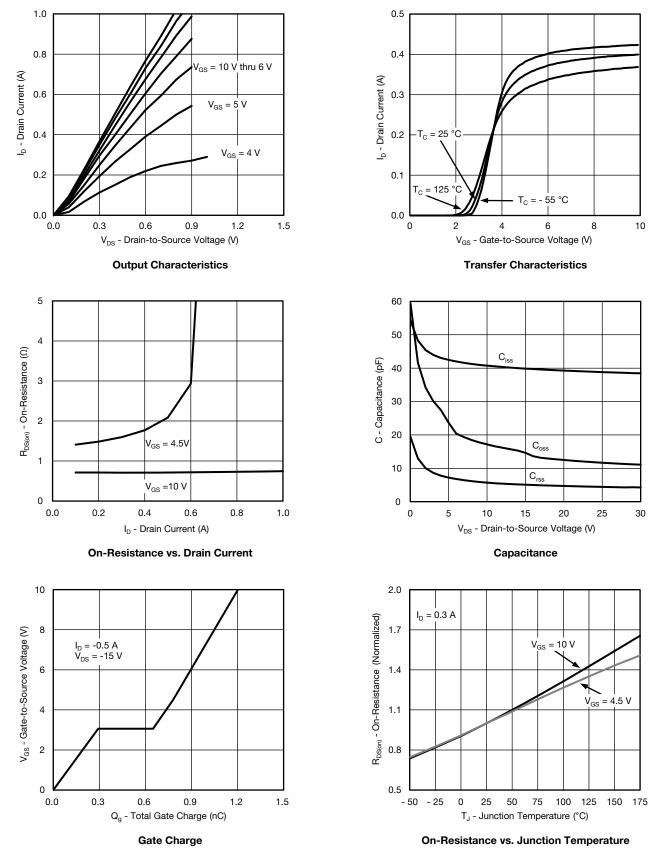
- Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient (25 °C)

- Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (25 °C)

are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a "ball park" indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions.

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P-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)



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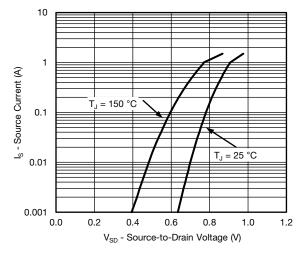
7

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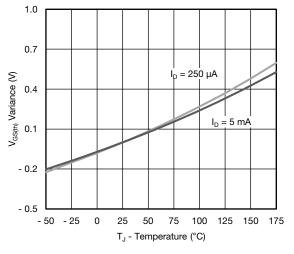


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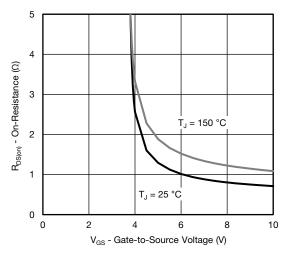
P-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$, unless otherwise noted)



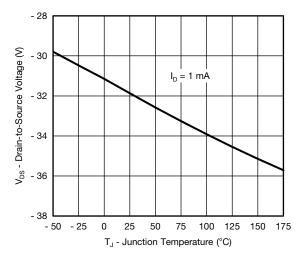
Source Drain Diode Forward Voltage



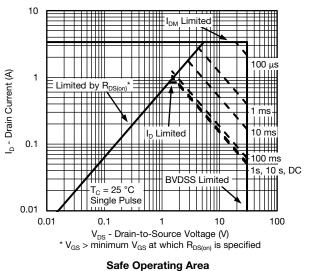




On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Drain Source Breakdown vs. Junction Temperature



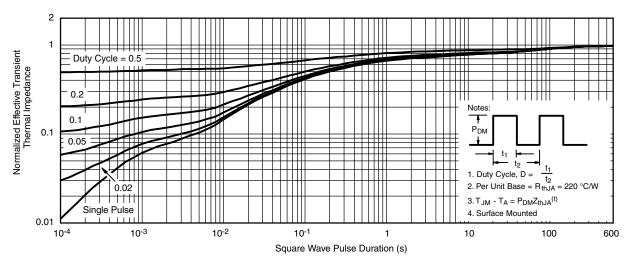
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Safe Operating Area

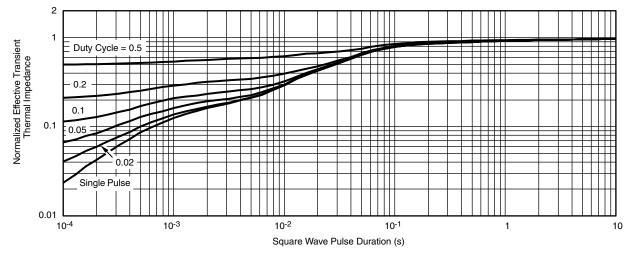
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P-CHANNEL THERMAL RATINGS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient





Note

The characteristics shown in the two graphs

- Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient (25 °C)

- Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (25 °C)

are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a "ball park" indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions.

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?62993.

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Package Information Vishay Siliconix

SC-70: 6-LEADS





	MIL	LIMET	ERS	I	NCHE	S
Dim	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	0.90	-	1.10	0.035	-	0.043
A ₁	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.004
A ₂	0.80	-	1.00	0.031	-	0.039
b	0.15	-	0.30	0.006	-	0.012
С	0.10	-	0.25	0.004	-	0.010
D	1.80	2.00	2.20	0.071	0.079	0.087
E	1.80	2.10	2.40	0.071	0.083	0.094
E ₁	1.15	1.25	1.35	0.045	0.049	0.053
е		0.65BSC			0.026BSC	;
e ₁	1.20	1.30	1.40	0.047	0.051	0.055
L	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.004	0.008	0.012
٩		7°Nom			7°Nom	
ECN: S-03946—Rev. B, 09-Jul-01 DWG: 5550						



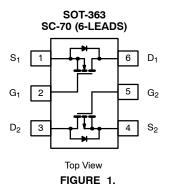
Dual-Channel LITTLE FOOT® 6-Pin SC-70 MOSFET Copper Leadframe Version Recommended Pad Pattern and Thermal Performance

INTRODUCTION

The new dual 6-pin SC-70 package with a copper leadframe enables improved on-resistance values and enhanced thermal performance as compared to the existing 3-pin and 6-pin packages with Alloy 42 leadframes. These devices are intended for small to medium load applications where a miniaturized package is required. Devices in this package come in a range of on-resistance values, in n-channel and p-channel versions. This technical note discusses pin-outs, package outlines, pad patterns, evaluation board layout, and thermal performance for the dual-channel version.

PIN-OUT

Figure 1 shows the pin-out description and Pin 1 identification for the dual-channel SC-70 device in the 6-pin configuration. Both n-and p-channel devices are available in this package – the drawing example below illustrates the p-channel device.



For package dimensions see outline drawing SC-70 (6-Leads) (http://www.vishay.com/doc?71154)

BASIC PAD PATTERNS

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286) for the SC-70 6-pin basic pad layout and dimensions. This pad pattern is sufficient for the low-power applications for which this package is intended. Increasing the drain pad pattern (Figure 2) yields a reduction in thermal resistance and is a preferred footprint.

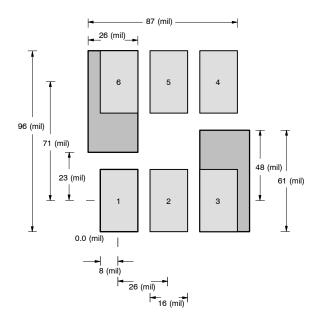


FIGURE 2. SC-70 (6 leads) Dual

EVALUATION BOARD FOR THE DUAL-CHANNEL SC70-6

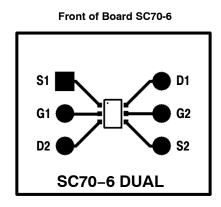
The 6-pin SC-70 evaluation board (EVB) shown in Figure 3 measures 0.6 in. by 0.5 in. The copper pad traces are the same as described in the previous section, *Basic Pad Patterns*. The board allows for examination from the outer pins to the 6-pin DIP connections, permitting test sockets to be used in evaluation testing.

The thermal performance of the dual 6-pin SC-70 has been measured on the EVB, comparing both the copper and Alloy 42 leadframes. This test was then repeated using the 1-inch² PCB with dual-side copper coating.

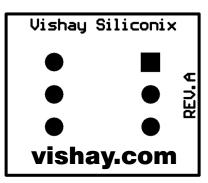
A helpful way of displaying the thermal performance of the 6-pin SC-70 dual copper leadframe is to compare it to the traditional Alloy 42 version.

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Back of Board SC70-6





THERMAL PERFORMANCE

Junction-to-Foot Thermal Resistance (the Package Performance)

Thermal performance for the dual SC-70 6-pin package is measured as junction-to-foot thermal resistance, in which the "foot" is the drain lead of the device as it connects with the body. The junction-to-foot thermal resistance for this device is typically 80° C/W, with a maximum thermal resistance of approximately 100° C/W. This data compares favorably with another compact, dual-channel package – the dual TSOP-6 – which features a typical thermal resistance of 75° C/W and a maximum of 90° C/W.

Power Dissipation

The typical R θ_{JA} for the dual-channel 6-pin SC-70 with a copper leadframe is 224°C/W steady-state, compared to 413°C/W for the Alloy 42 version. All figures are based on the 1-inch² FR4 test board. The following example shows how the thermal resistance impacts power dissipation for the dual 6-pin SC-70 package at varying ambient temperatures.

Alloy 42 Leadframe

ALLOY 42 LEADFRAME				
Room Ambient 25 $^\circ$ C	Elevated Ambient 60 °C			
$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$	$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$			
$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{413^{\circ}C/W}$	$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 60^{\circ}C}{413^{\circ}C/W}$			
$P_D = 303 \text{ mW}$	$P_D = 218 \text{ mW}$			

COOPER LEADFRAME				
Room Ambient 25 °C	Elevated Ambient 60 °C			
$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$	$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$			
$P_{\rm D} = \frac{150^{\circ}{\rm C} - 25^{\circ}{\rm C}}{224^{\circ}{\rm C}/{\rm W}}$	$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 60^{\circ}C}{224^{\circ}C/W}$			
$P_D = 558 \text{ mW}$	$P_D = 402 \text{ mW}$			

Although they are intended for low-power applications, devices in the 6-pin SC-70 dual-channel configuration will handle power dissipation in excess of 0.5 W.

TESTING

To further aid the comparison of copper and Alloy 42 leadframes, Figures 4 and 5 illustrate the dual-channel 6-pin SC-70 thermal performance on two different board sizes and pad patterns. The measured steady-state values of $R\theta_{JA}$ for the dual 6-pin SC-70 with varying leadframes are as follows:

LITTLE	FOOT	6-PIN	SC-70)

	Alloy 42	Copper
1) Minimum recommended pad pattern on the EVB board (see Figure 3).	518°C/W	344°C/W
 Industry standard 1-inch² PCB with maximum copper both sides. 	413°C/W	224°C/W

The results indicate that designers can reduce thermal resistance (θ JA) by 34% simply by using the copper leadframe device as opposed to the Alloy 42 version. In this example, a 174°C/W reduction was achieved without an increase in board area. If an increase in board size is feasible, a further 120°C/W reduction can be obtained by utilizing a 1-inch². PCB area.

The Dual copper leadframe versions have the following suffix:

Dual:	Si19xxEDH
Compl.:	Si15xxEDH



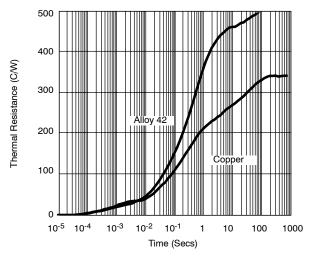


FIGURE 4. Dual SC70-6 Thermal Performance on EVB

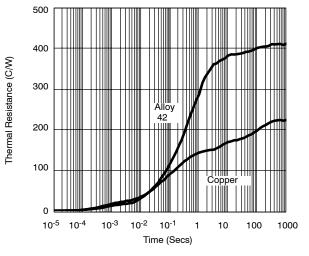


FIGURE 5. Dual SC70-6 Comparison on 1-inch² PCB

Application Note 826

Vishay Siliconix



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SC-70: 6-Lead



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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